

# Spitronics - ECU - Idle Setup and Stabilisation - Guide

## 1. Overview

This guide stabilises the engine after first start and prepares it for tuning.

The goal is to achieve:

- Stable idle
  - Correct fuel mixture
  - Smooth engine response
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## 2. When to Use This Guide

- Engine starts but does not idle
  - Engine stalls after start
  - Idle is unstable or rough
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## 3. Requirements

- Engine running
  - Ignition timing verified
  - Fuel system tested
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## 4. Base Setup Before Adjustment

Ensure:

- Injector Ratio = 100%
- Fuel Offset = 0%

Your fuel graph should:

- Reach approximately **15 ms** for a standard engine
- Must be lowered for modified or high-boost engines

👉 in this case leave the graph as is for now and reduce injector ratio slightly before starting adjustments

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### Method 1 – Injector Ratio Adjustment (Primary Method)

Use injector ratio to quickly find a stable running point.

#### **Procedure**

1. Keep engine running using slight throttle
2. Hold engine at lowest possible stable RPM
3. Adjust injector ratio using hotkeys:
  - Q → Increase by 1
  - A → Decrease by 1
  - W → Increase by 10
  - S → Decrease by 10
4. Observe engine response

## Goal

- Find point where engine runs smoothly
- Gradually reduce throttle input
- Achieve natural idle

## Important During Adjustment

Keep in mind:

- Water temperature compensation adds extra fuel
- As the engine warms up, this compensation reduces

When adjusting for best performance:

- Monitor the vacuum bar
- If the engine improves → vacuum increases (bar moves left)
- If the engine worsens → vacuum decreases (bar moves right)

The same applies to the matrix view, but the realtime bar gives better resolution.

## Ratio Correction

If engine struggles to idle:

- Lower injector ratio by  $\pm 10$
- Save and restart

If worse:

- Increase ratio

👉 Always start leaner first

(A rich mixture can wet plugs and worsen starting)

## Returning Injector Ratio to 100%

Once the engine reaches working temperature:

- Gradually return Injector Ratio to 100%

To do this:

1. Adjust Injector Ratio closer to 100%
2. Adjust the fuel graph in the opposite direction to compensate

Use:

- Easy Tune → Tune All
- Fine resolution hotkey: **D**

Once Injector Ratio is at 100%:

- Find the best idle vacuum by adjusting the graph
- Save settings in the ECU

## Timing Verification

Now start the engine again and perform a fine timing check.

1. Set maximum timing to **10°**
2. Use a timing light to verify actual timing
3. Adjust in software:
  - Gear Teeth (coarse)
  - Timing BTDC (fine)

Continue until software timing matches actual timing.

Put the maximum timing back where it was.  
Save settings again.

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### **Throttle Response Adjustment**

At this stage:

- Blip the throttle
  - Adjust accelerator settings to eliminate flat spots
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### **Method 2 – Fuel Graph Adjustment (Easy Tune)**

Once engine runs reasonably stable, switch to graph adjustment.

#### **Setup**

- Easy Tune → Tune All
- Use hotkey **D**

#### **Procedure**

1. Keep engine running using throttle
2. Hold lowest stable RPM
3. Adjust entire fuel graph up/down

Observe:

- Improves → continue direction
- Worsens → reverse direction

Once close:

- Press **D** for finer adjustment
- Continue until smooth running is achieved

As the engine warms up:

- Keep adjusting until full operating temperature is reached

If the engine struggles to idle and dies:

- Move the graph down slightly and save
- Restart and evaluate

If worse:

- Move the graph up

👉 Again, start by going leaner first  
Save your settings.

👉 Adjust continuously until operating temperature

#### **Final Target**

- Injector Ratio = 100%
- Best idle vacuum achieved
- Stable idle

Save settings.

### **Throttle Response**

- Blip throttle
  - Check for flat spots
- If needed:
- Adjust accelerator settings

### **Timing Verification**

1. Set maximum timing to  $\pm 10^\circ$
2. Verify with timing light
3. Adjust:
  - Gear Teeth (coarse)
  - Timing BTDC (fine)

Ensure:

- ECU timing matches actual timing
- Restore original timing value and save.
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### **5. If Not Correct**

- Dies → too lean
  - Rough idle → too rich or unstable
  - No response → setup or sensor issue
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### **6. Notes**

- Always start slightly lean → increase gradually
  - Rich mixtures can wet plugs and cause false tuning results
  - Use vacuum as primary tuning indicator
  - Do not adjust multiple parameters at once
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### **7. Reference Links**

**i** First Start and Basic Setup – Guide